UNC Unsupervised Opinion Summarization Using Approximate Geodesics Google Research

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Introduction

- Unsupervised opinion summarization systems are desirable due to a scarcity of labeled data
- In this work, we focus on the extractive opinion summarization task
- We propose GeoSumm that learns topical text representations from pretrained models
- Using these topical representations, we compute saliency score of user review sentences
- We form the extractive summary based on the saliency scores



Topical Text Representations

- Being distribution over the same support, these representations can be compared using standard metrics like cosine similiarity
- Topical representations are compositional in nature allowing us to combine multiple text representations by averaging
- These properties of topical representations are useful for opinion summarization as they allow us to compute opinion saliency
- Similar operations are unavailable using distributed representation, which are often anisotropic in nature (Timkey et al, 2021) with a few dimensions dominating similarity functions.



 $\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{S}'}$

representations

GeoSumm uses them to capture

Topical representations work great,

but are there better approaches?

salience using approximate geodesics

- Use the geodesic distance as the saliency scores for each review
- Select the top k sentences as the extractive summary
- A similar approach is leveraged for aspect-based summarization

